



Summary of Indoor Residual Spraying in Mauritania

AFM summarized indoor residual spraying (IRS) activities occurring in African countries based primarily on reports from the World Health Organization (WHO), Global Fund and the President's Malaria Initiative (PMI). Little information was available from other sources. AFM hopes IRS activities will be sustained and expanded as appropriate, and that all donor agencies supporting IRS with public funds will make available detailed and accurate reports in the future. Below is the summary of IRS activities in Mauritania.

Global Fund Support^a	Round 6
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a. The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria: <http://www.theglobalfund.org/en/>

A Round 2 Global Fund malaria grant was awarded in 2004. The Original Proposal did not request funding for IRS. A Round 6 Global Fund grant was awarded in 2007. According to the Original Proposal, support was requested for vector control including targeted frequent insecticide spraying carried out in the event of an epidemic in areas not normally exposed to malaria. No details are available on how the funds have been used or what the outcomes have been thus far.